

SHERAKHAN ITINERARY WINTER 2010



30 OCTOBER 2010 DEPARTURE TO PATAGONIA

There will be a stop in the trip to Patagonia in the following options:

1. Cape Verde Islands – From 11 November 2010
2. Uruguay - Montevideo – From 25 November 2010
3. Buenos Aires – From 25 November 2010

If we have no further inquiries the Sherakhan will be available in Patagonia from 1 December 2010

1 DECEMBER 2010 ARRIVAL PATAGONIA

BOOKED PUERTO NATALES, CHILE – USHUAIA, ARGENTINA 25 DECEMBER 2010 – 4 JANUARY 2011

We will be available for charters in Patagonia or Antarctica until mid – late February 2011.

Some itinerary suggestions follow

29 FEBRUARY 2011 DEPARTURE PATAGONIA

15 MARCH 2011 ARRIVAL IN THE PANAMA AREA

We will have the opportunity for Charters until April 30 2011 in the Area of Panama, Costa Rica or the Carib.



PATAGONIA, SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA & ANTARCTICA

LOA: 70m, Vuyk en Zonen, Holland, Rebuilt 2005
GUEST: 26 CREW: 19

PRICE IMPECCABLE CHARTER RECORD: €395,000 per week – Patagonia
€495,000 per week – Antarctica

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PATAGONIA - 11 DAYS



Patagonia is known as one of the most special places on earth. Chileans and Argentines civilization say that god created too many nature wonders and choose to make an extra place on earth to put them all together. This is, - in their history- , how Patagonia became reality. However the name - Patagonia else known as Patagon - comes from early stories written about the 'land of giants'. They say the inhabitants were huge and they have had heights up to 3 meters. Also known as the bigfoots, the Spanish explores back then have thousands of stories about how Patagonia was like.

We will visit not only history, culture, beauty and nature wonders, but also a piece of development. However we will visit the least inhabited part of Patagonia, we will not let you down. With the modern equipment nowadays almost anything is possible, we will be able to enter the southernmost yacht club of the world, the southernmost port of the world and explore the unique form of tourism in an area of sun, snow, ice all put together in a journey of 780 Nm trough 'the land of giants, the wonders of God'.

Please be aware of the fact that we are sailing trough area with a lot of rules, protection and nature reserved places. This means we have to navigate by the rules of the Patagonian authorities. We are forced to navigate through daytime and sometimes are restricted to speed limits.

PLEASE NOTE THIS ITINERARY IS STILL IN PROGRESS AND WILL BE CHANGED ACCORDING TO BEST INSIGHT OF PROFFESIONALS OPERATING IN CHILE AND ARGENTINA

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PATAGONIA - 11 DAYS



DAY 1 & 2: PUERTO NATALES

Torres Del Paine National Park, Ultima Esperanza, Cuernos del Paine-Paine Massif

Embarkation of MY Sherakhan. By arrival there will be a nice welcome buffet and everybody will get a tour to get to know Sherakhan. In Puerto Natales is so much to see and do, that we will stay over one night. Puerto Natales is also named as the 'port to Patagonia' since most of the expeditions start here. This is close by the Torres Del Paine National Park - known as one of the world's most beautiful parks. You will find the Mountains (highest 3050m), forests, grass fields, glaciers, lakes, lagoons in all colors and sizes. Here you will find a lot of options for excursions, think about hiking, safari, helicopter tours, kayak, horseback riding, glacier watching and small boat trips to the beautiful Ultima Esperanza where big boats are not able to come. Also Historical Museum of Puerto Natales, where you will find the history and culture, a small museum, but worth to see. Since Puerto Natales is a place which is more developed and more influences of tourism, you will find nice restaurants in this area in one of the more up skilled hotels with amazing views. Definitely worth staying for this amount of time to explore the best spots in this area.



DAY 3: ISLA HUNTER P. VICTORIA FISHERS VILLAGE

Fishers Village

Isla Hunter is a small island located in canal Smyth. This is a small fishers village were is not a lot of tourism known. Since this is a pure Patagonian culture spot, perhaps a tour trough the fishers companies and a day of fishing would be perfect for today. Enjoy the view and small villages as ultimate culture of true Patagonian survivors.

DAY 4: ISLA TAMAR

Lighthouse

Isla Tamar is a small Island at the beginning of Estrecho de Magallanes which is the family name of the big Canal that makes it possible to reach Punta Arenas. Isla Tamar has a beautiful lighthouse and it's definitely worth taking a hike on this island. You will enjoy the pure beauty of Nature and Patagonia.

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DAY 5: ISLA CARLOS III Fransisco Coloane Marine Park.

This island, in the middle of Canal Turtuoso and Paso Inglés you will find Patagonia's jewel of amazing experiences. Because this area is protected nature area the population of all kind of animals will be found here. Expeditions of whale watching, cormorants, sea lions, wolf watching and seabirds. simply you will see things you will only see once in your life.

DAY 6: ISLA GRANDE TIERRA DEL FUEGO-PORVENIR

This port which give you the opportunity to reach into one of the biggest provinces of Chile and Argentina is a must see. When the tide is ridiculously low as sometimes happens you can walk 'on the water'. You will find small tourism over here, but it is an entrance of a world full of wonders. We can arrange an helicopter tour that will show you the wonders of the area.

DAY 7: PUNTA ARENAS - PENINSULA BRUNSWICK Capital City of the strait of Magallan

Being the capital city of the “Estrecho de Magallanes” Punta Arenas is the most developed city in this area. Also because it is in the center of all the exciting, most beautiful places you can visit in Patagonia. You will find a selection of Museums going from history to nautical and military bases. Also this is the point where most of the transport international is based, since the airport is close by. You will have the opportunity to do helicopter tours, expeditions, ice-diving, visit national park, deep-sea fishing, visit high class hotels with delicious food and actually have a party in the city to celebrate the new-year. Because this is the capital city, you will find the base of tourism in the strait of Magallan, almost everything is possible.

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DAY 8: ISLA MAGDALENA PENGUINERA

The island of the penguins

This island is one of the main attractions because the only thing we can say about this is: you will see penguins everywhere. 120 thousand penguins are living on this island. This is a MUST see. We will have the opportunity to make this tour located from Punta Arenas, or if possible we can get as close as possible with MY Sherakhan.

DAY 9: ISLA LONDONDERRY - CALETON SILVA

This Island is a good stop for our way towards Cape Horn. Here you will find beautiful nature in a small port. In this bay you will have the opportunity to make a tour to look around the nature, one of the special sights is the waterfall. This is a perfect midway to enjoy the nature and relax a little bit.

DAY 10: ISLA HORNOS - CAPE HORN

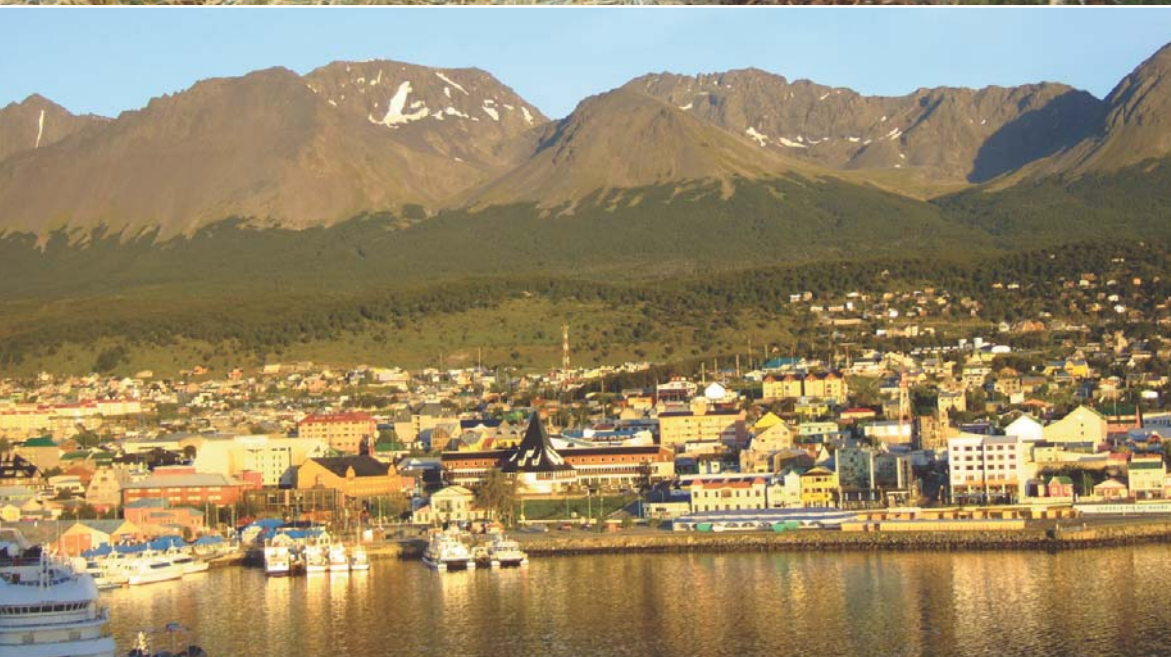
The southernmost port of the world

Many people dream about seeing this area of the world. Being in the southernmost point of south America, sailing around the Horn is widely regarded as one of the major challenges in yachting. Get your camera's and be ready for a once in a lifetime experience.

DAY 11: USHUAIA

Passing trough the beagle channel

This last leg of the itinerary will take us through the beautiful Beagle Channel towards Ushuaia. The southernmost big city in the world, Ushuaia is located in a dramatic setting beneath the jagged peaks of the Montes Martial, which rise from sea level to more than 1300m. On the waterfront, the Museo del Fin del Mundo offers exhibits on Fuegian natural history, aboriginal life, the early penal colonies and a rare opportunity to see Andean condors, though unfortunately stuffed, not live. The Museo Yámana is a small museum with meticulously crafted and well-labeled exhibits on the Fuegian peoples who lived in the area before European settlement. The Museo Marítimo de Ushuaia, closed as a penal institution in 1947, the building at one time held as many as 800 inmates in 380 cells designed to hold just one prisoner each. Some of the displays, which highlight local history and convict life, are in the former cells. Perhaps the best collection of Antarctic ship models anywhere in the world is displayed in various parts of the museum.



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ANTARCTICA – 10 DAYS



DAY 1: KING GEORGE ISLAND (MAXWELL BAY). EMBARKATION DAY.

King George Island is sometimes called Antarctica's unofficial capital, thanks to the eight national winter stations crowded onto it. King George Island is also the largest island of the South Shetlands. St Trinity, the first Orthodox church in Antarctica, is located at Russia's Bellinghousen station in Maxwell Bay.

DAY 2: DECEPTION ISLAND. During the night we'll be sailing through the Bransfield Strait towards Deception Island. Deception Island is a collapsed volcanic cone with a narrow 230m wide break in the volcano's walls known as Neptunes Bellows. As Sherakhan proceeds through this narrow channel in the morning you'll notice the striking colors of the rock faces on either side. We'll land at Whalers Bay on a black-sand beach cloaked in mysterious white clouds of sulfurscented steam. Those with cold feet need only to dig their boots into the sand to warm them from the heat escaping from subterranean volcanic vents. The island's sloping, snow-covered walls, which reach 580m, tower above the beach. Wander around the ruins of a whaling station established in 1906, which once was an important economic activity and part of Antarctica's history. Alternatively doff your parka and go bathing in the thermally heated waters of Pendulum Cove.

DAY 3 & 4: NEUMAYER CHANNEL AND PORT LOCKROY. Throughout the night we'll sail via Croker Passage and Gerlache Strait to the entrance of Neumayer Channel and proceed through this scenic channel towards Port Lockroy to visit Base A, the former British station-turned-museum. Close to Port Lockroy is the gentoo rookery at Jougla Point, where other highlights include blue-eyed shags and a composite whale skeleton reconstructed on the shore.

DAY 4: LEMAIRE CHANNEL. Lemaire Channel is a steep-sided channel which runs for 11km and is only 1600m wide. It's located between the mountains of Booth Island and the Peninsula. It's so photogenic that its nickname is "Kodak Gap". We'll proceed through the channel with slow speed for a beautiful scenic cruising experience. At the northern end of the channel are two tall, rounded, and often snowcapped peaks at Cape Renard. The channel was first navigated by de Gerlache in 1898. In a decidedly odd choice, de Gerlache named the channel for Belgian adventurer Charles Lemaire who explored the Congo.

DAYS 4 & 5: PARADISE HARBOR. In the afternoon we'll arrive at Paradise Harbor where we'll take out the tender for a spin around the ice calved from the glacier at the head of the bay. You may pass beneath blue-eyed shags nesting on the cliffs, which can be colored blue-green by copper deposits, emerald green by moss and orange or yellow by lichens. Paradise Harbor is indeniably beautiful with its majestic icebergs and reflections in the water of the surrounding mountains.

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DAY 5: ANDVORD BAY AND NEKO HARBOR. Deep inside Andvord Bay is located Neko Harbor, which is on Antarctica itself. Now we've officially set foot on the continent. The glacier across from the landing site often calves with a thunderous roar, offering dramatic video footage if we're lucky enough. As you gaze out over Neko's iceberg-filled waters, consider how American long-distance swimmer Lynne Cox must have felt when she swam nearly 2km in the 0.5°C waters here. In the evening we'll navigate back again through Gerlache Strait and Croker Passage towards Hannah Point.

DAY 6 & 7: HANNAH POINT. In the afternoon we'll arrive at Hannah Point where we'll stay until the next morning. Hannah Point is famous for its large Chinstrap and Gentoo rookeries and the occasional Macaroni pair nesting among them. On a hill above the Hannah Point landing beach, a prominent red vein of jasper runs through the rock. From this lookout, you can survey a sheltered beach on the opposite side of the point where Elephant Seals bask and young male Fur Seals spar.

DAYS 7 & 8: YANKEE HARBOR. Yankee Harbor, or Hospital Cove as it was known to sealers, has a stone and gravel spit that extends nearly 1km in a wide curve. The spit is an ideal place for walking. Further up the beach several thousand pairs of Gentoos nest.

DAYS 8 & 9: PENGUIN ISLAND AND TURRET POINT. Just offshore from Turret Point is Penguin Island. While there are many islands with penguins scattered throughout the Antarctic, Penguin Island's pedigree is longer than most. You may see Chinstrap and Adélie penguins here. Penguin Island's highest point is the 170m Deacon Peak with an extensive crater at the summit. It's easy to climb, and so many people do that a path is worn into the ground early each season. There's also a meltwater lake in a former volcanic crater. Turret point takes its name from a group of prominent high rock stacks above the beach, a nesting area for Antarctic terns. You'll also find Chinstraps, Adélies, blue-eyed shags and southern Giant petrels.

DAYS 9 & 10: KING GEORGE ISLAND (MAXWELL BAY). Farewell to Antarctica. Experience the rustic environment and way of living of the people that call Antarctica their home. Debarkation day.

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